

**Conference of Directors of National Libraries in Asia and Oceania
Annual meeting of 2017 – at the National Library of China, Beijing, China**

**ANNUAL REPORT OF NATIONAL LIBRARY OF INDONESIA
JAN – DEC 2016**

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1. Relationship to Government

The National Library of Indonesia is one of government institutions that serve directly under the President of the Republic of Indonesia. The Library is located in the capital city of Jakarta. Initially, the Library was a manifestation of the implementation and development of the comprehensive and integrated national library system when it was established on May 17, 1980. Currently, the National Library of Indonesia has become an institution that serves not only particular communities, but also people in general.

National Library of Indonesia's duties and functions are mandated in the *Library Act 2007*. National Library of Indonesia's missions are to develop collections of libraries in Indonesia, to establish a national ICT-based information service, to build library infrastructures and facilities and to improve human resources competence in library field. The library development program was one of the 9 national priority programs of 2015-2019. Targets to be achieved in the library development programs are:

- a. Reading habit development
- b. Library of all types development
- c. Quality improvement and diversification of ICT-based library services
- d. Human resources improvement
- e. National collection development and national heritage preservation
- f. National Library facilities improvement

2. Key Facts and Figures

Up until now, the National Library of Indonesia holds 2,652,336 general collections and employs 733 staff. Visitors come from various backgrounds including students and researchers. Numbers in details are as follows:

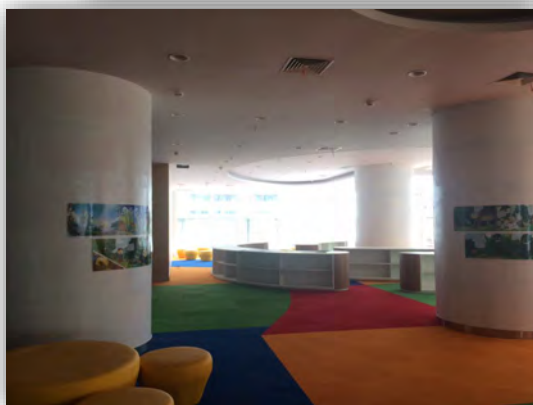
Total number of staff	733
Holdings (general collections)	2,652,336
Holdings (e-resources)	1,499,819
Onsite visitors (2016)	94,626
Memberships (2016)	299,921

Website visitors (2016)	
National Library website (http://www.perpusnas.go.id/)	340,950
E-resources portal (http://e-resources.perpusnas.go.id)	575,585
Indonesia OneSearch (http://onesearch.id)	1,354,243
iPusnas (National Library of Indonesia's digital library app)	18,555

3. General Overview of Recent Major Developments

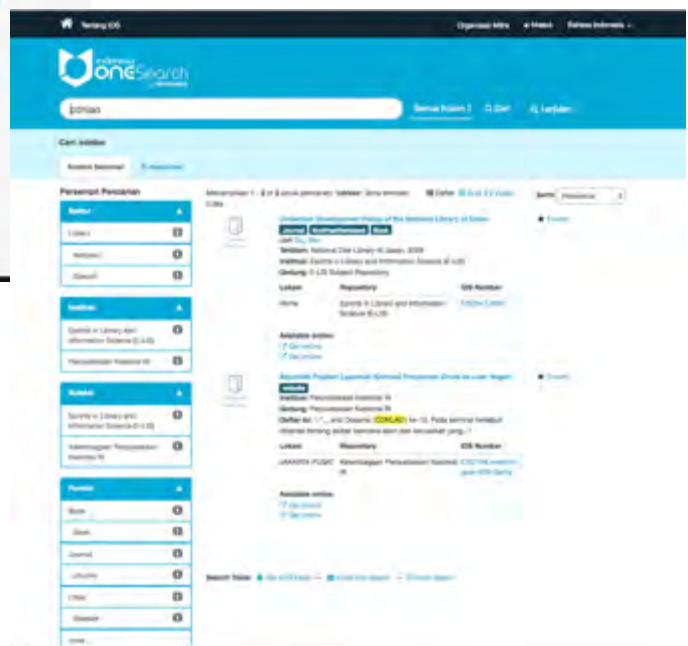
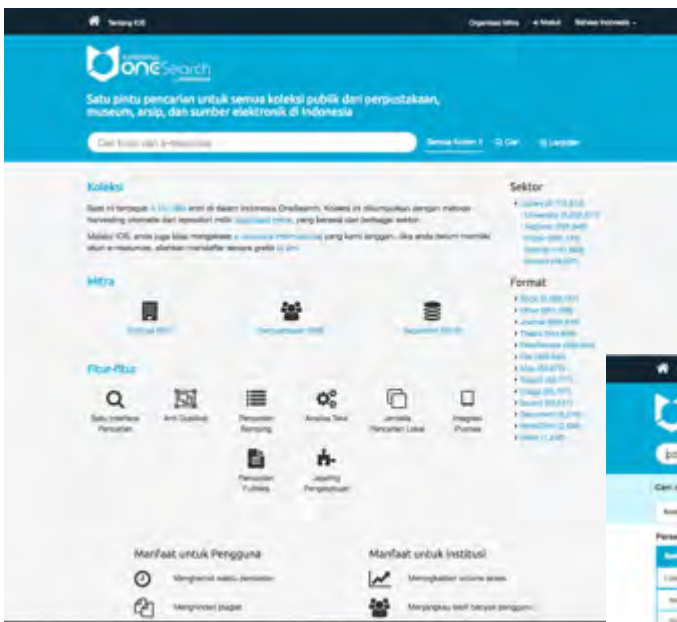
3.1 Construction of new building

National Library of Indonesia started the construction of the new building in 2014. The new building, which is located in Jalan Medan Merdeka Selatan No. 11 Jakarta, has been completely built on an area of 50,445 square meters. Currently, the progress on the completion of the interior of the building is almost finish. The new building is expected to be officially launched in July this year.



3.2 Indonesia OneSearch

National Library of Indonesia initiated a program called Indonesia OneSearch that aims at providing a national repository portal. The idea is that the portal will be able to provide interoperability between different metadata and library systems used by libraries in Indonesia and easy use and access for users. Started in 2015, the National Library of Indonesia has been collaborating with partner institutions and libraries, most of which are special and academic libraries that continue to grow in number to build up the database from each library. Last year was set up as the first phase of the program. During the time, National Library of Indonesia has successfully integrated databases from almost 600 libraries and more than 3500 repositories from across Indonesia. The portal which can be accessed via <http://onesearch.id> has now more than 4.1 million bibliographic records. Starting last year, the second phase of the has been seeing the focus on the analysis of full-text contents provided by the member repositories through open access. These contents are to be analyzed by using the Natural Language Processing (NLP) technology. This approach will allow users to make a search through our metadata, to access the full-texts, and to explore the knowledge and information via the knowledge explorer.



3.3 INLIS Lite 3.0

INLIS (Integrated National Library Information System) is a library application developed independently by the National Library of Indonesia since 2003. The application which is built on IndoMARC (Indonesian version of MARC) metadata standard is initially developed exclusively for accommodating acquisition, management, service and preservation processes in the National Library of Indonesia. As a mean of support to public libraries throughout the country that were starting to build their library systems, INLIS Lite, a lighter version of INLIS, was launched in 2011. The software which is available for free for all kinds of libraries in Indonesia is going to launch its 3.0 version last year.

4. New Developments in Building and Managing Collections

4.1 Acquisition

As a part of its collection development policy, the National Library of Indonesia acquires materials in various formats through purchase. In 2016, there are a total of 266,852 titles purchased including 1,643 monographs, 123,124 e-journal articles, 126,196 e-books, 15,121 serials, 266 cartographic materials, 246 audio visual items, 138 manuscripts, 11 transliterated manuscripts, 32 reference materials, and 75 local contents.

4.2 Legal deposit

In 2016, the National Library of Indonesia deposited 25,305 titles (62,685 copies) under the Legal Deposit Act. The materials comprise of 24,217 titles (61,425 copies) of printed items, 98 titles (135 copies) of recorded materials and 990 titles (1,125 copies) of foreign and UN publication items. These figures add to the total of 267,305 titles (1,013,543 copies) of deposited materials since 1990.

4.3 Preservation

As an effort to preserve its rare and special collection, National Library of Indonesia has done a number of preservation through reprography and digitization. In 2016, there are 12,940 digitized items and 16,710 items produced from reprography.

5. New Developments in Providing Access to Collections

5.1 E-Resources

Starting in 2008, the National Library has subscribed e-journals and e-books that are made available for public through its e-Resources portal. As per 2016, there are more than 1,4 million items of e-resources available comprising of 21,504 titles of e-book, 754,528 titles of e-journal articles and other types of items.

5.2 RDA

In order to improve its accessibility, the National Library of Indonesia has initiated to implement RDA to its cataloguing system. In 2015, the Library has initiatively developed guidelines, implementation schedule and other necessary preparations for RDA implementation. Starting last year, the National Library of Indonesia has been using RDA for current materials onwards.



6. New Developments in Other Services

6.1 Mobile and floating libraries services

Until 2016, the National Library has distributed 588 mobile library vans to provincial and district libraries across the country. In addition, the National Library of Indonesia has also distributed 8 floating libraries (mobile library boats) for 7 provinces in order to provide access to information for people in remote areas and

islands.



6.2 Mobile Electronic Libraries

The National Library has 4 units of Mobile Electronic Library (Mobile e-Library) which are aimed at providing services for schools, other community facilities such as prisons around the capital city of Jakarta.



6.3 Education and training programs

Education and Training Center of the National Library of Indonesia has a mission to improve the quantity and the quality of librarians by developing a library training program, organizing library training, building library training facilities and conducting evaluation and accreditation of library training program. Furthermore, there is also a training program prepared for non-librarian staff. This program is specially aimed at preparing the non-librarian staff to be the candidates for advanced librarian.

7. Collaborations with Other National Libraries

Taking the role as a guiding library in national scope, the National Library of Indonesia has been collaborating with other libraries, especially those under regional governments. Some of the collaborations are as follows:



- Developing District Libraries

Until 2016, the National Library has given financial grant to 465 district libraries. The grant is aimed at developing the district libraries' collections, providing hardware and software as well as training for librarians and staff.

- **Developing Village Libraries**
To support the national program of community reading habit improvement and to facilitate public information access, by the end of 2016 the National Library has supported 21,482 out of 82,505 village libraries with books related to their needs, library facilities, and technical training.
- **Developing Libraries in Small Islands, Coastal and Border Regions**
Since 2009, the National Library started has supported 70 libraries in small islands/border regions and 86 libraries in coastal areas.
- **Developing Religious Dormitory School (*Pondok Pesantren*) Libraries.**
Since 2009, the National Library has supported 402 Religious Dormitory School libraries in 33 provinces.

8. International collaborations

8.1 UNESCO-MOW

In 2013, UNESCO announced its approval to certify two of the National Library of Indonesia's old manuscript collection, *Negarakretagama* and *Babad Dipanegara*, as the Memory of the World (MOW). *Negarakretagama* written by Empu Prapanca was submitted to UNESCO for MOW nomination earlier in 2005 in collaboration with Netherlands by Koninklijk Instituut voor Taal-, Land- en Volkenkunde (KITLV). *Babad Dipanegara* was later submitted in 2011. The certificates for the two manuscripts were handed to the National Library of Indonesia through Indonesian government representative in Paris, France. Currently, the National Library of Indonesia is making its effort to nominate Panji for the next MOW.

8.2 INELI-ASEAN

Recently in April 2017, the National Library of Indonesia in collaboration with the National Library of the Philippines organized a Mid-Way Meeting of INELI-ASEAN. The occasion was an additional program that supported the whole program of INELI-ASEAN. The meeting was participated by 16 innovators from across ASEAN countries and lasted for 3 days. The participants shared lessons about the impact that libraries can have on their surrounding communities from their visits to two public libraries in Jakarta. The meeting was also an important opportunity for the innovators to share the progress of their group projects as well as their personal and professional development.